



# Assertion-Driven Development: Assessing the Quality of Contracts using Meta-Mutations

Thomas Knauth, Christof Fetzer, Pascal Felber

Denver, CO, USA, 2009-04-04



- weak contract completeness
- completeness varies widely for mature JML classes and programs developed by students
- better tools are needed to help develop sound/complete contracts

- Is this a good contract for a square root function?

```
//@ require x >= 0;  
//@ ensure \result * \result == x;  
long square_root(long x) { ... }
```

- What's wrong with this contract?

```
//@ require x >= 0;  
//@ ensure \result * \result == x;  
long square_root(long x) { ... }
```

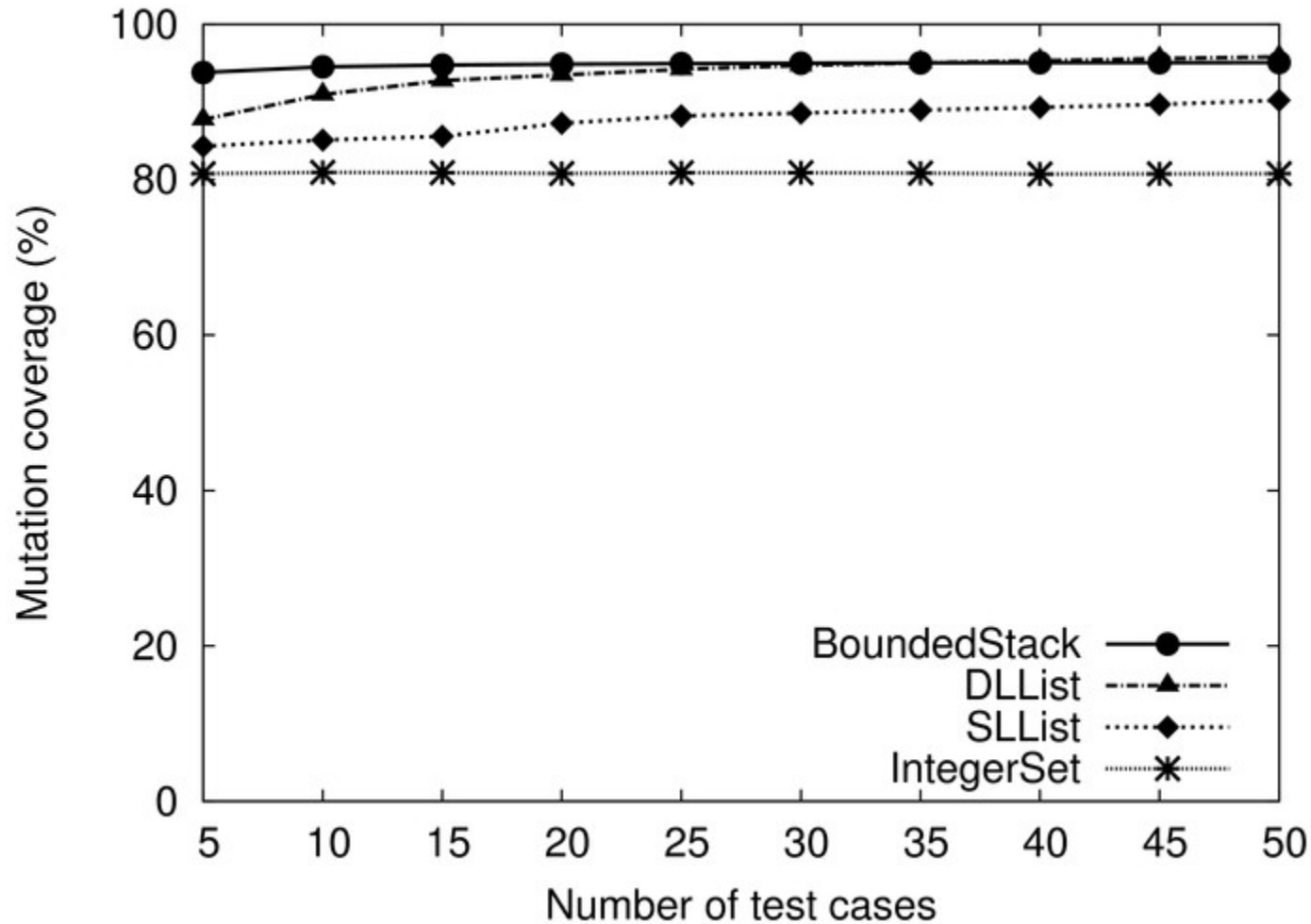
- contract only correct if square root of x is a natural number
- **writing correct self-checks is non-trivial!**

- **weak contract completeness** is capability to detect mutants in a given implementation
- lower bound = detected mutants / all mutants
- upper bound = detected mutants / non-equivalent mutants
- goal: 100% upper bound when lower bound saturated

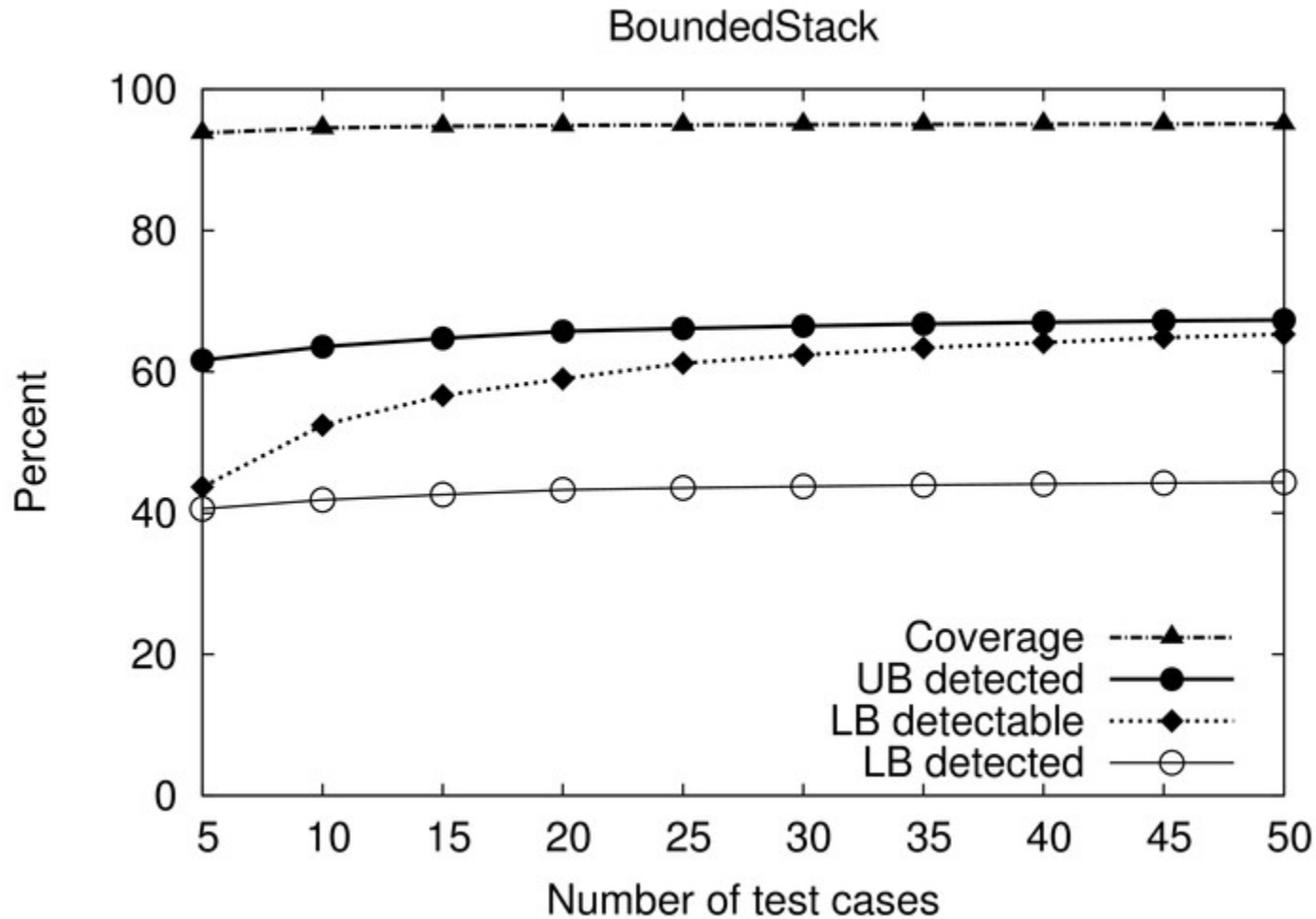
- apply approach to set of JML classes
  - generate random sequence of method calls
- 19 students develop program with contracts
  - generate random test inputs
- generate meta-mutants in either case

- implemented as Eclipse plug-in
- mutation operators loosely based on previous work
  - not all operators are possible when meta-mutating, e.g. swap access modifiers
- mutations can be switched on individually based on ID
- source code mutation has better accuracy than mutating binary code

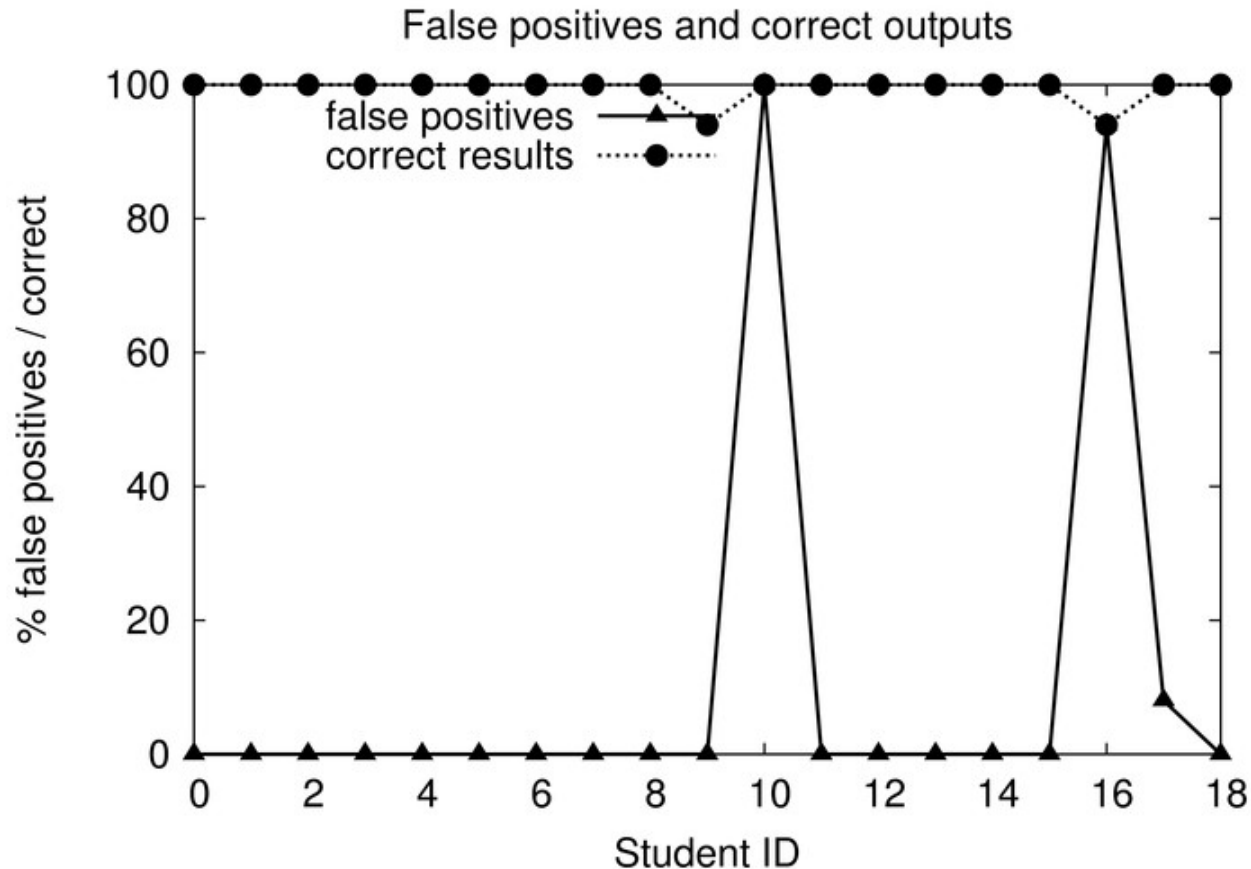
# Mutation coverage





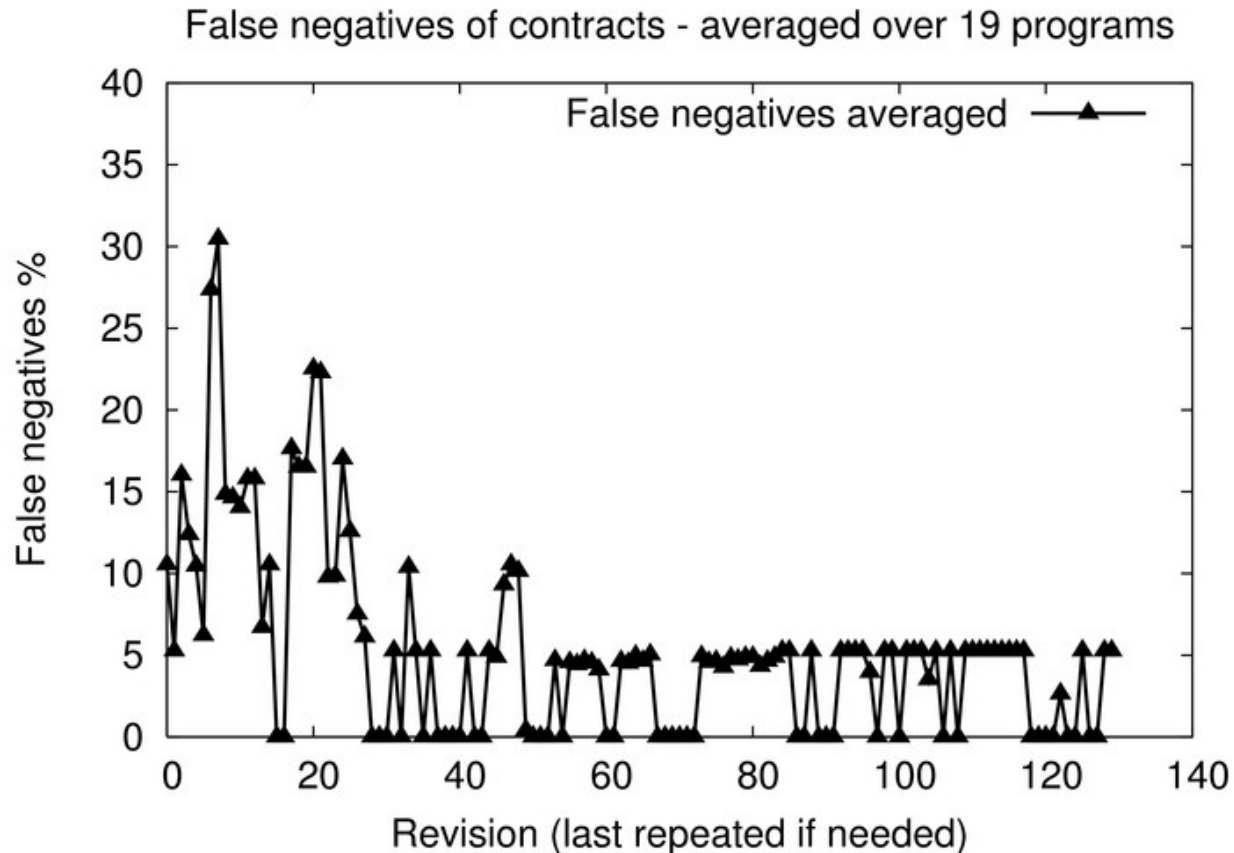


# False positive (FP) and correctness



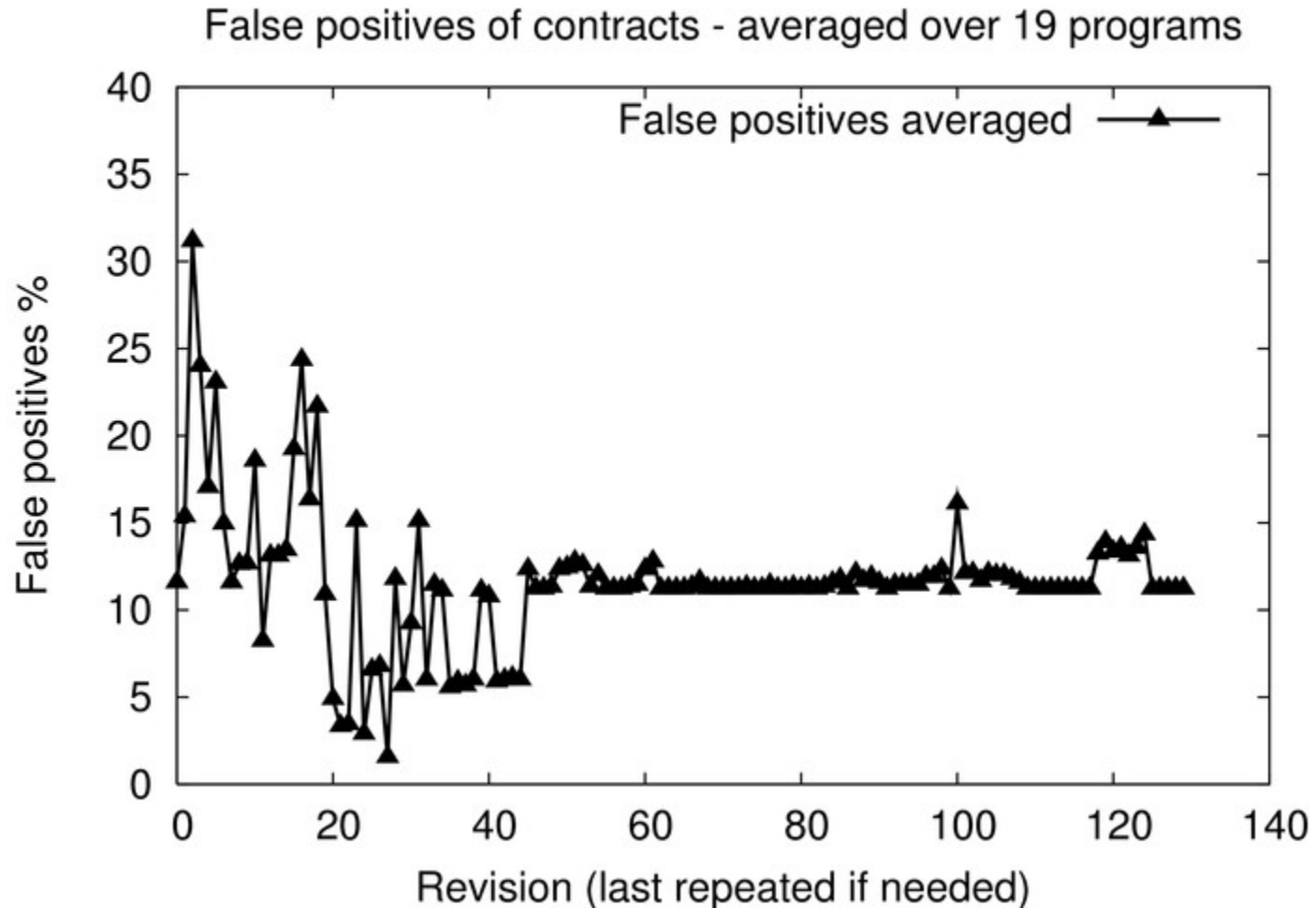
- FP = program correct, contract raising alarm

# False negatives (FN) all revisions

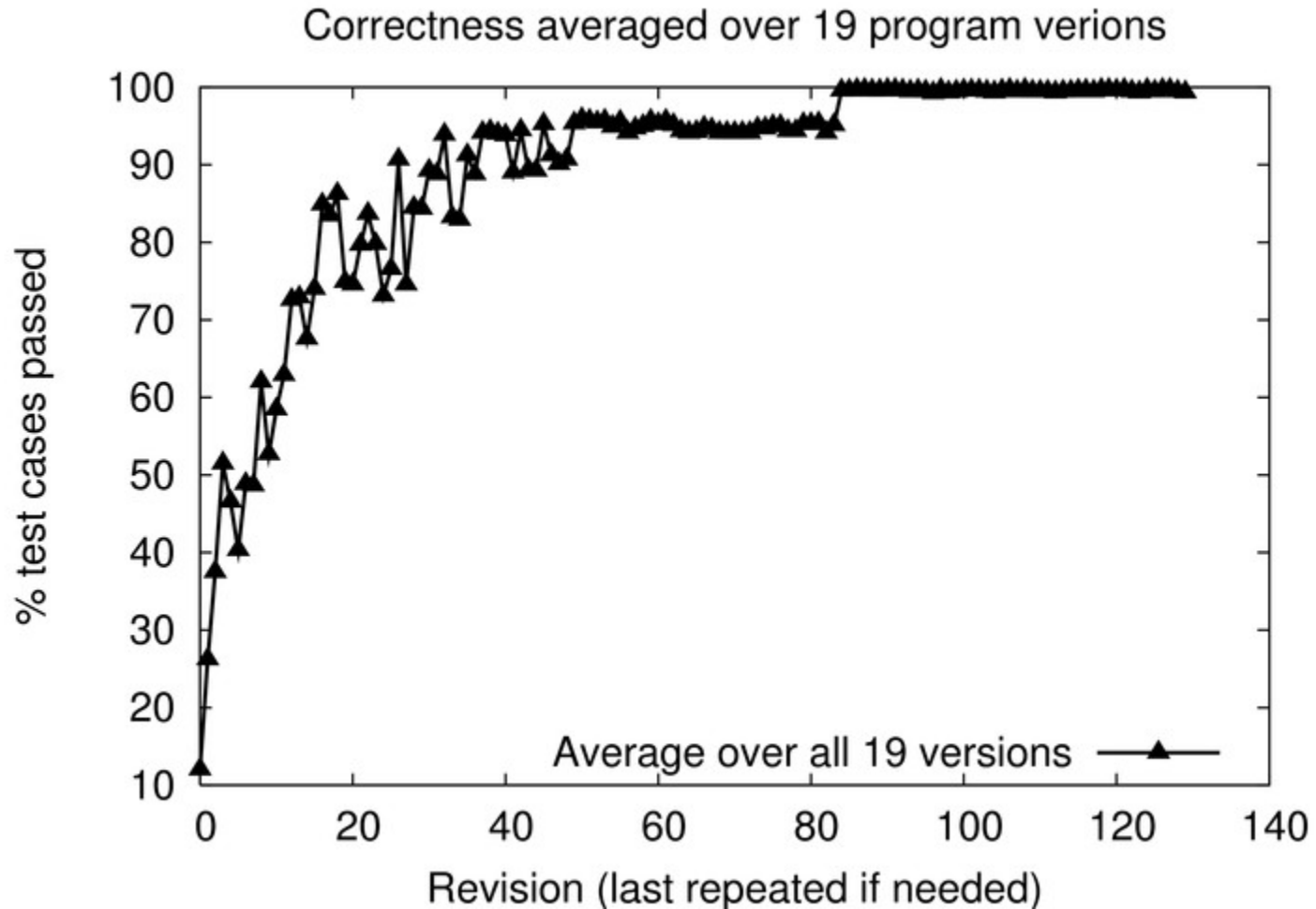


- FN = program wrong, contract silent

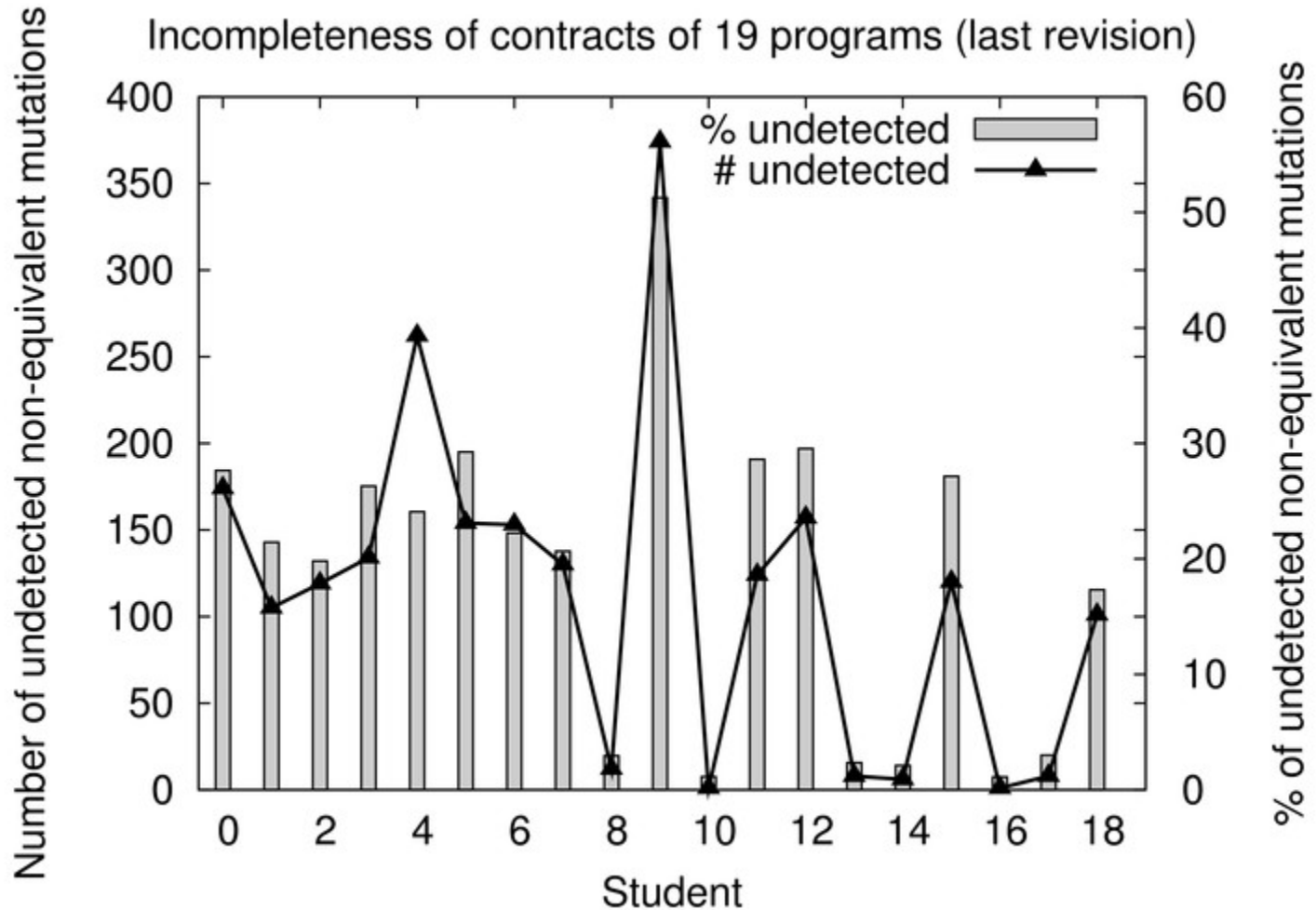
# False positive all revisions



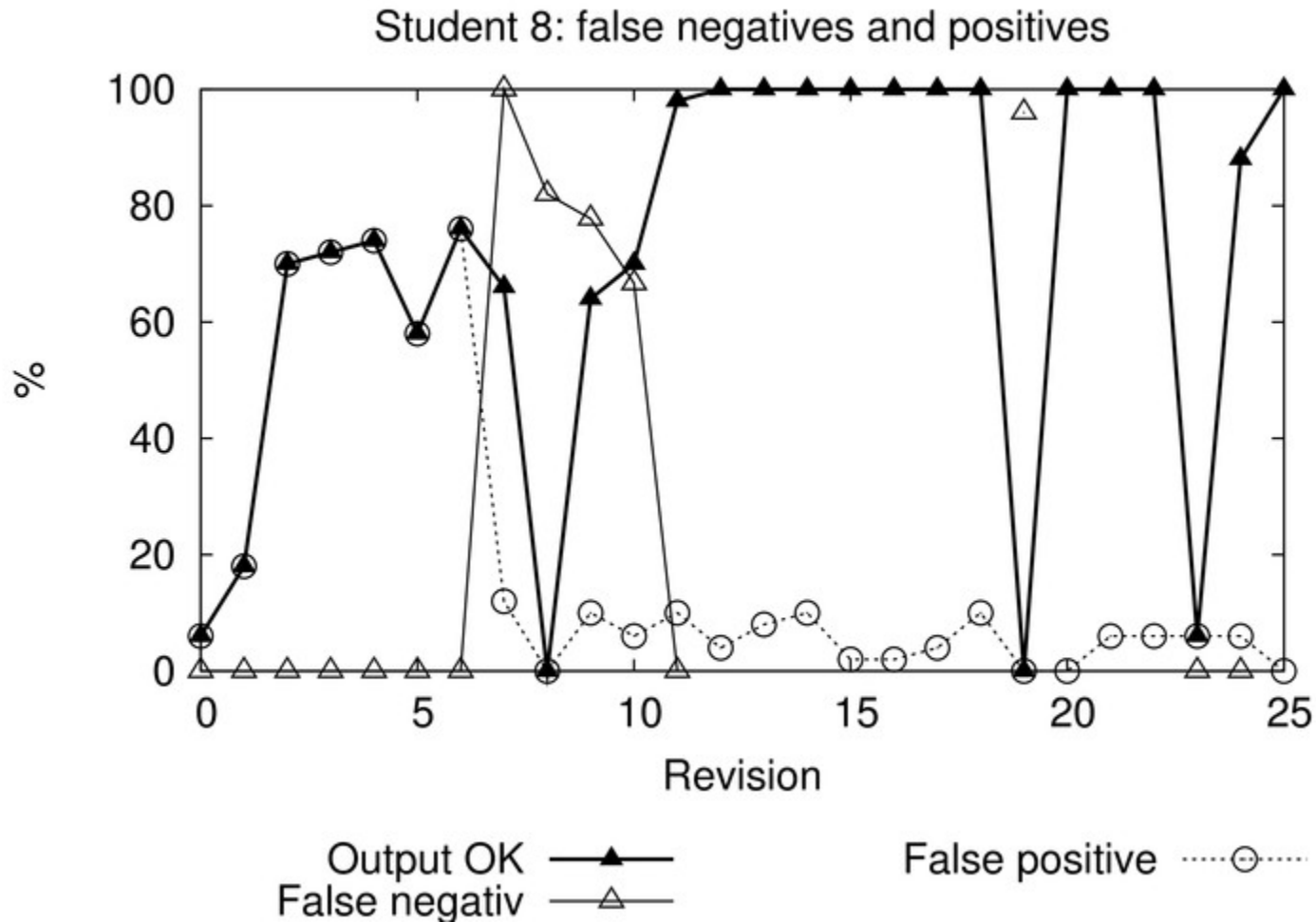
# Correctness all revisions

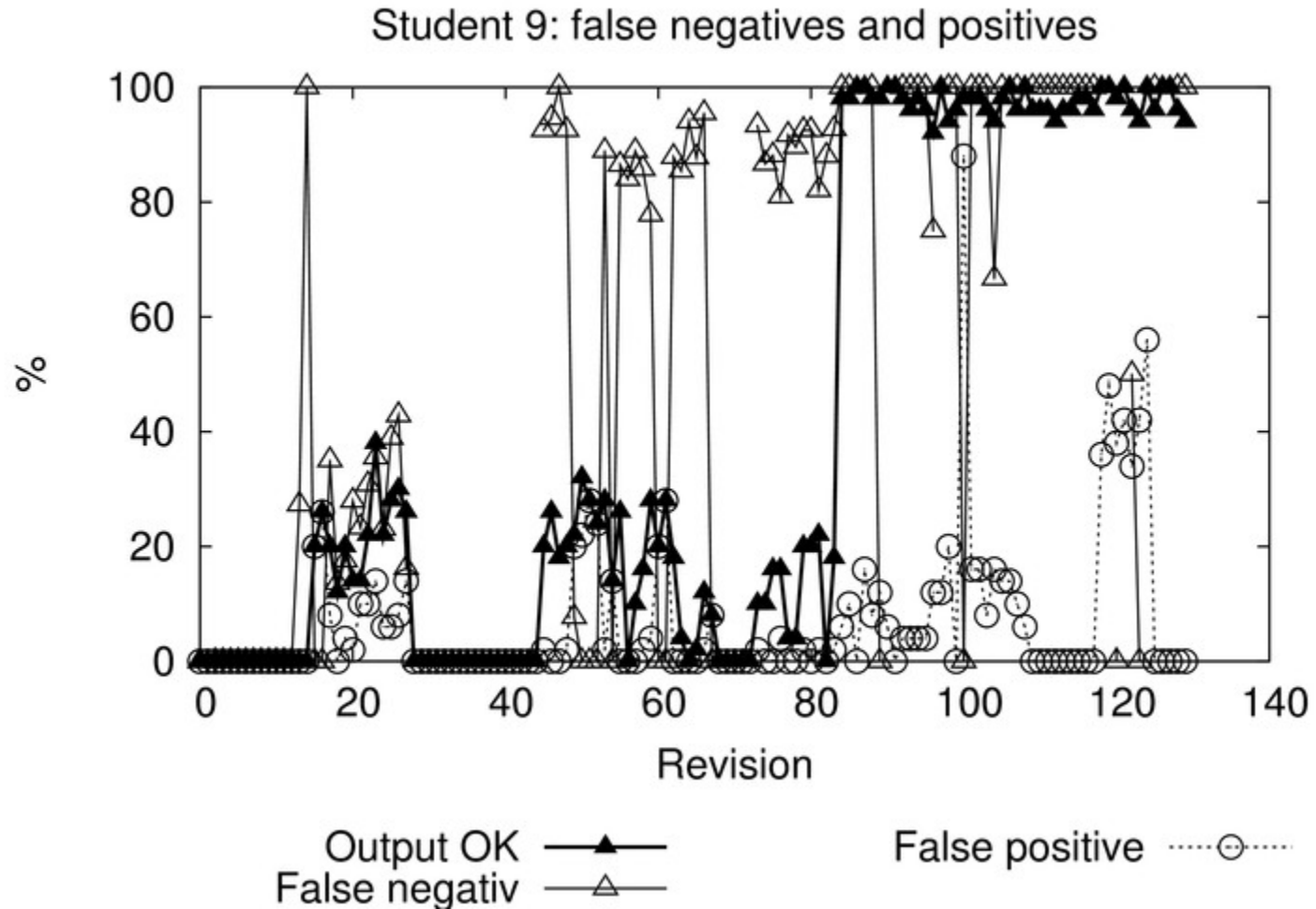


# Contract (In)Completeness (LB!)



# FN and FP student 8









- compute upper bound and non-equivalent mutants for student programs
- parallelize contract evaluation to speed up self-checks

- writing correct self-checks is non-trivial
- upper/lower bound on completeness varies widely
- tools for developing sound/complete self-checks are needed