

**Mutation 2009: The 4<sup>th</sup> International Workshop on Mutation Analysis** April 4 2009, Denver, Colorado, USA (associated with ICST 2009)

# Organizers

Benoit Baudry

INRIA, France

Jeremy S. Bradbury University of Ontario Institute of Technology, Canada

Gordon Fraser Graz University of Technology, Austria

#### **Program Committee**

Roger Alexander, Washington State University, USA

Paul Ammann, George Mason University, USA

Leonardo Bottaci, University of Hull, UK Byoungju Choi, EWHA Womans University, South Korea

John A Clark, University of York, UK James R. Cordy, Queen's University, Canada

Rich DeMillo, Georgia Tech, USA

Sudipto Ghosh, Purdue University, USA

Mark Hampton, Certess

Mark Harman, King's College, UK

Rob Hierons, Brunel University, UK Bill Howden, University of California at San

Diego, USA

Yong-Rae Kwon, Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology, South Korea

Richard Lipton, Georgia Tech, USA Ling Liu, ETH Zürich

Jose Carlos Maldonado, Universidade de Sao Paolo, Brazil

Aditya Mathur, *Purdue University, USA* Mercedes Merayo, Universidad Complutense de Madrid, Spain

Phil McMinn, University of Sheffield, UK Akbar Siami Namin, University of Western Ontario, Canada

Jeff Offutt, George Mason University, USA

Yves Le Traon, ENST Bretagne, France Laurie Williams, North Carolina State

University, USA

Eric Wong, University of Texas at Dallas, USA

Lu Zhang, Peking University, China

### **Call for papers**

Mutation is acknowledged as an important way to assess the fault-finding effectiveness of tests sets. Mutation testing has mostly been applied at the source code level, but more recently, related ideas have also been used to test artifacts described in a considerable variety of notations and at different levels of abstraction. Mutation ideas are used with requirements, formal specifications. architectural design notations, informal descriptions (e.g. use cases) and hardware. Mutation is now established as a major concept in software and systems V&V and uses of mutation are increasing. The goal of the Mutation workshop is to provide a forum for researchers and practitioners to discuss new and emerging trends in mutation analysis. We invite submissions of both full-length and short-length research papers as well as industry practice papers.

## **Topics of interest**

- Mutation-based test adequacy criteria (theory or practical application).
- Using mutation in empirical studies (e.g. studies that compare mutation with other testing techniques).
- Industrial experience with mutation.
- New mutation systems for programming languages (e.g. for languages not yet addressed, or offering improvements on existing ones) and for higher-level descriptive notations (e.g. formal specification notations and architectural design notations).
- Novel applications of mutation including mutation for QoS properties (security, performance, etc.).

# Publication

Three types of papers can be submitted to the workshop:

- Long research papers (10 pages)
- Short research papers (5 pages)
- Industrial practice papers (7 pages)

Each submitted paper must conform to the IEEE format and submission guidelines. Three reviewers will review each paper submission and accepted papers will be published in the IEEE Digital Library.

## Important dates

Submission of full papers: Notification of acceptance: Camera-ready papers due: Date of workshop: January 9, 2009 February 27, 2009 March 20, 2009 April 4, 2009

### Website

For more information see http://mutation2009.ist.tugraz.at/